

2014 전산유체공학회 춘계 학술대회

**오픈 소스 CFD 프로그램
오픈폼(OpenFOAM)이 제공하는 다물리
해석을 위한 라이브러리**

2013. 12. 05 김 병 윤
bykim@nextfoam.co.kr

목 차

- ▶ 개요
- ▶ 오픈폼의 물리 모델 제공 방식
- ▶ 오픈폼이 제공하는 물리적 모델
 - 열전달, 다상유동, 입자유동, 동적격자계, 유체-구조 연성 해석, 화학 반응, 전자기장
- ▶ 결론

개요

▶ 본 발표의 목적

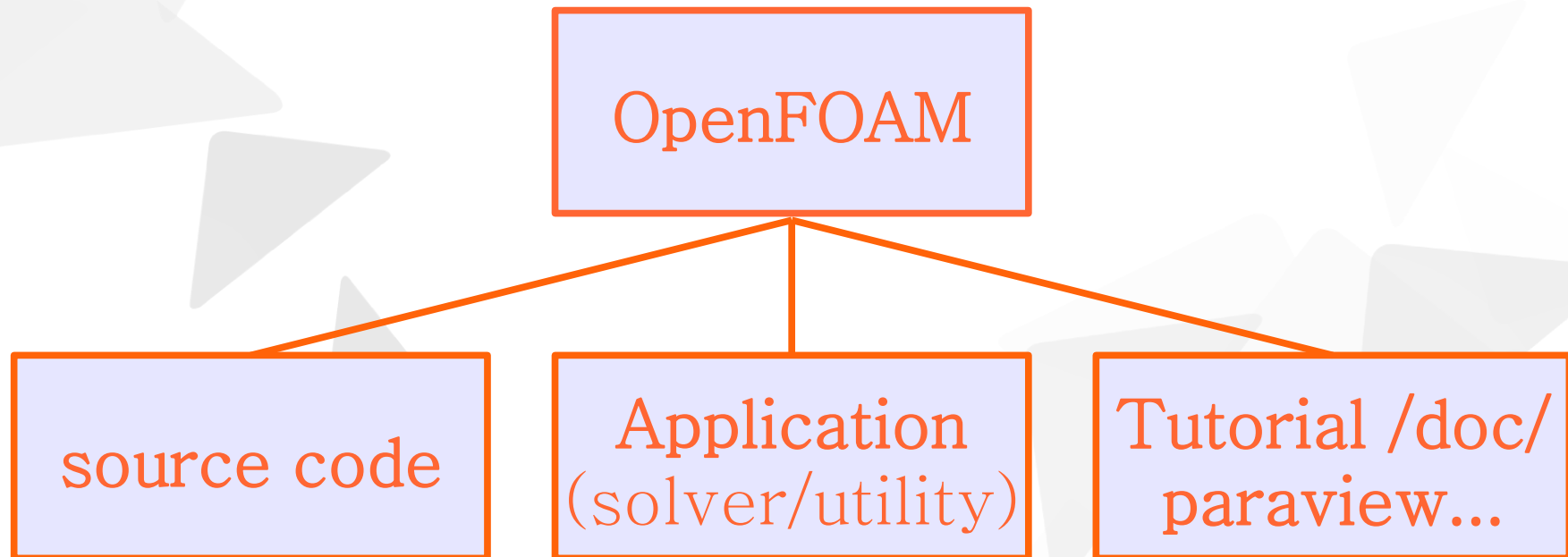
- 오픈폼이 제공하는 다양한 물리 모델들을 소개
- 오픈폼과 상용 코드의 차이점 소개
- 다양한 분야의 활용 사례 소개

개요

▶ Open Field Operation And Manipulation

▶ Open Source CFD Toolbox

-실행파일(application)을 만들기 위한 C++ 프로그램들의 모음



개요

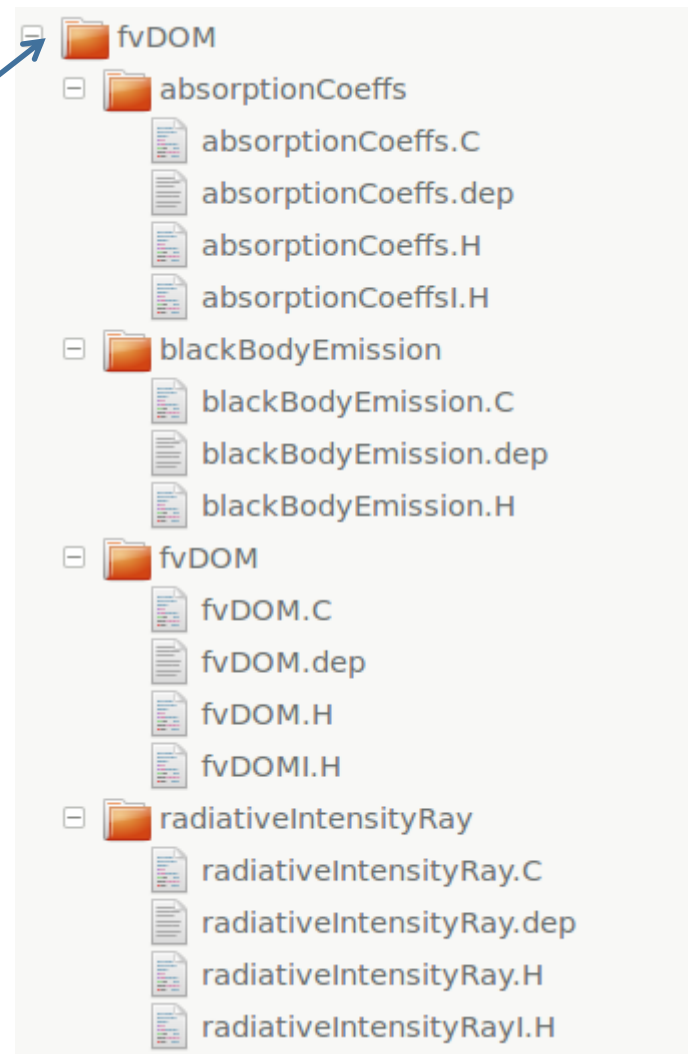
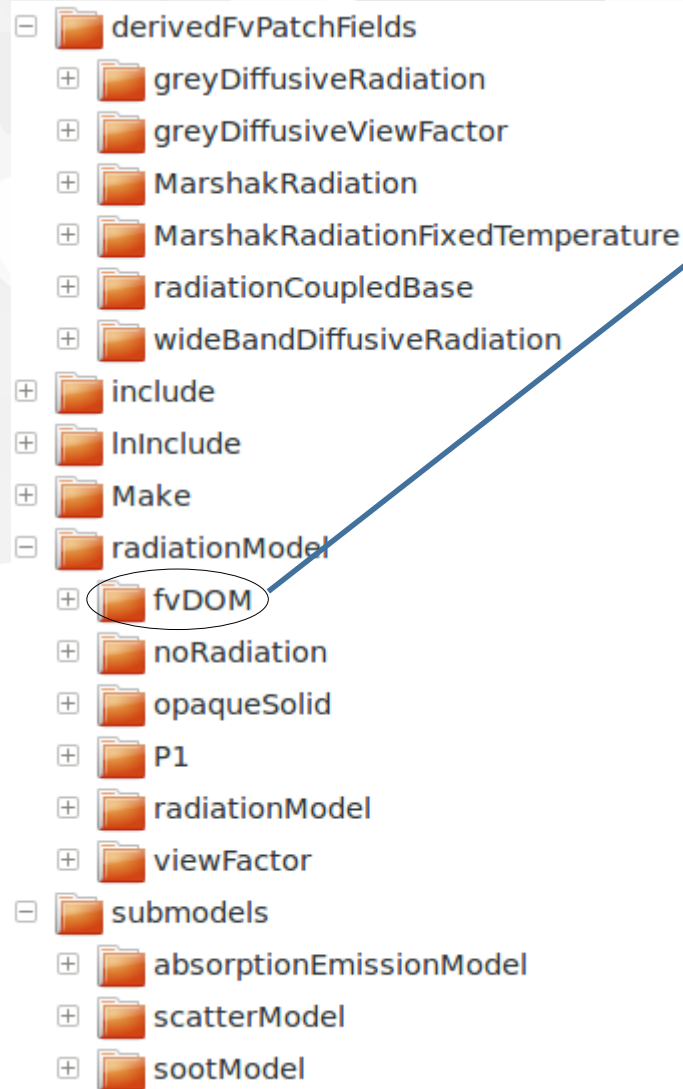
▶ 오픈폼의 두 가지 버전

- OpenFOAM Foundation(ESI) : OpenFOAM-2.3.0
- OpenFOAM Extend Project : foam-extend-3.0, Jeju

오픈폼이 물리 모델 제공 방식

- ▶ 소스 코드(라이브러리)
- ▶ 유틸리티
- ▶ 솔버
- ▶ 경계조건

오픈폼이 물리 모델 제공 방식 - 소스 코드



오픈폼이 물리 모델 제공 방식 - 솔버

buoyantSimpleFoam.C

```
...
#include ...
#include "radiationModel.H"

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    #include ...
    #include "createRadiationModel.H"

    simpleControl simple(mesh);

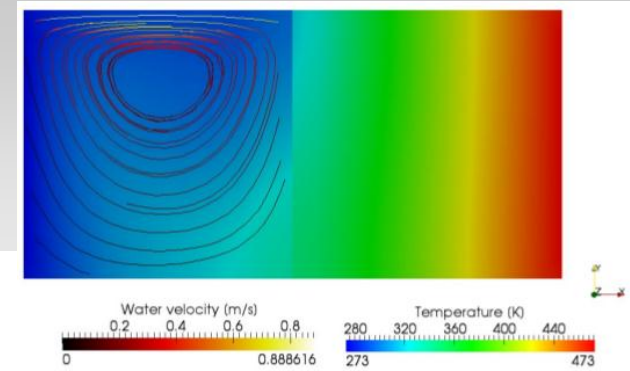
    while (simple.loop()) {
        #include "UEqn.H"
        #include "EEqn.H"
        #include "pEqn.H"
    }
    turbulence->correct();
    ...
}
```

EEqn.H

```
...
fvScalarMatrix EEqn
(
    fvm::div(phi, he)
    + (
        fvc::div(phi, volScalarField("Ekp", 0.5*magSqr(U)
        + p/rho))
    )
    - fvm::laplacian(turbulence->alphaEff(), he)
    ==
    radiation->Sh(thermo)
    + fvOptions(rho, he)
);

EEqn.relax();
...
EEqn.solve();
...
radiation->correct();
```

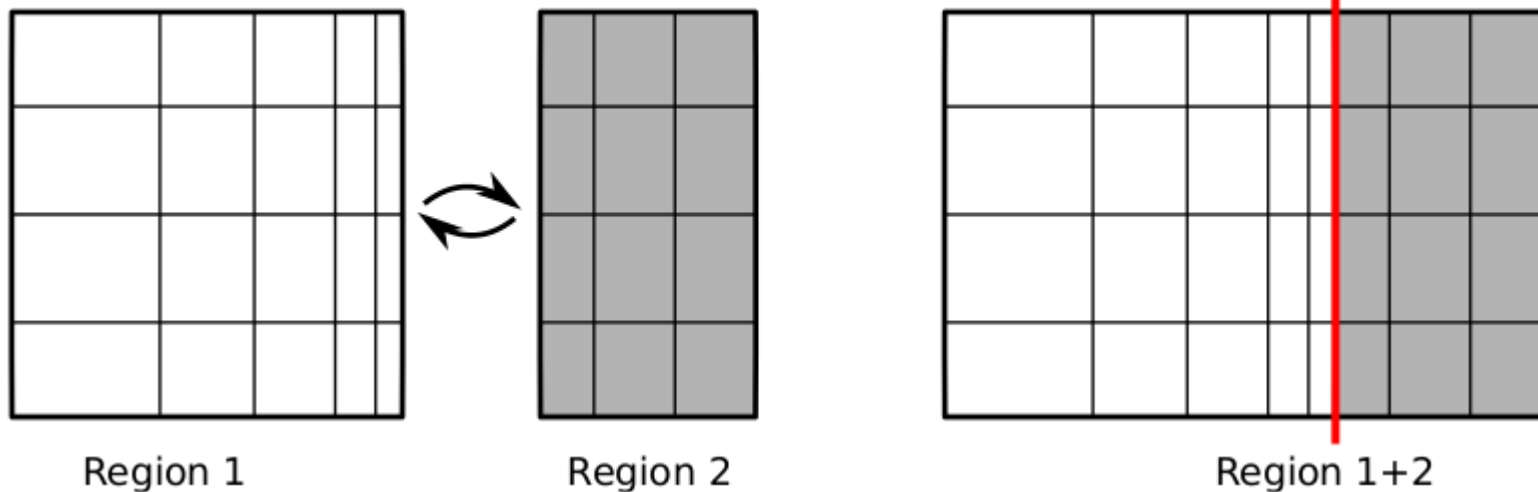

열전달



▶ 복합열전달(conjugated heat transfer)

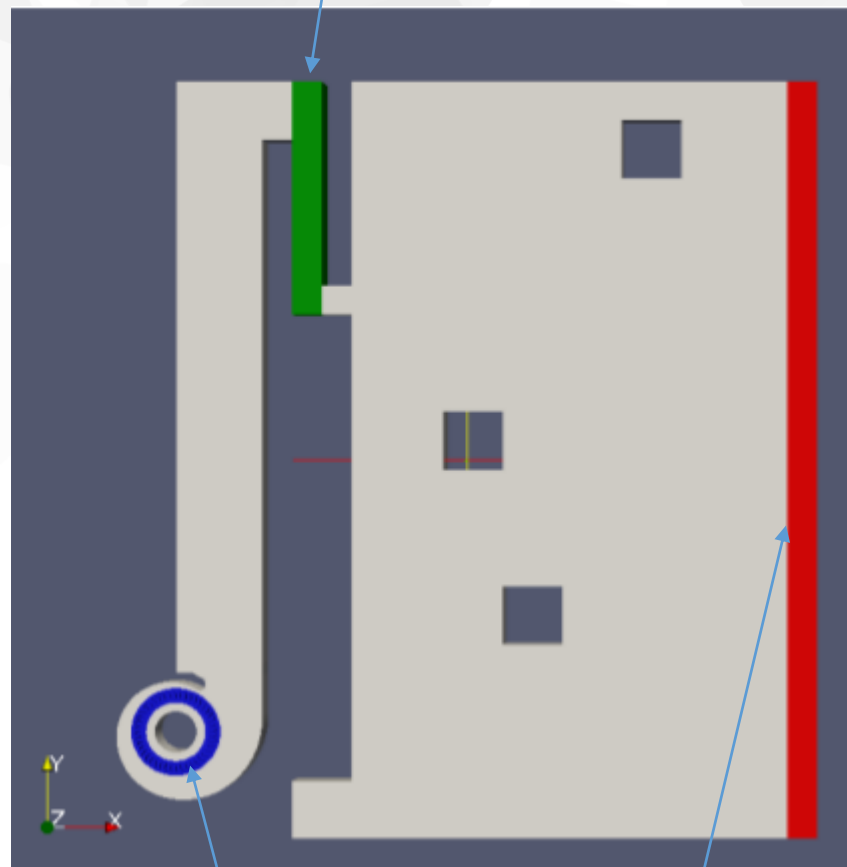
- Multi-region – fluid / solid
- Segregated solver – iterative solution of region by region
- Coupled solver – solve multiple region at once
 - block coupled solver, Jeju

▶ Thin wall



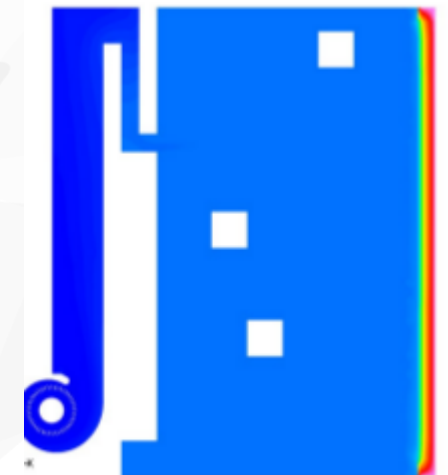
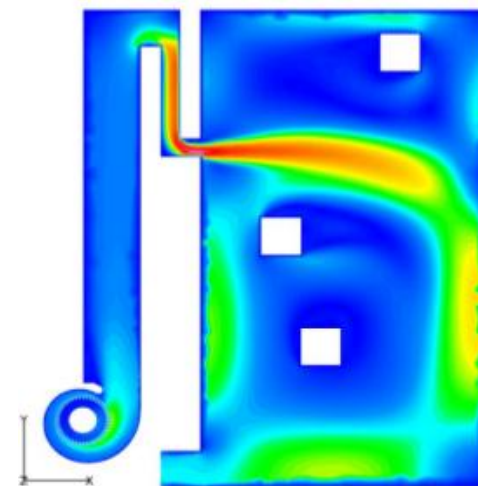
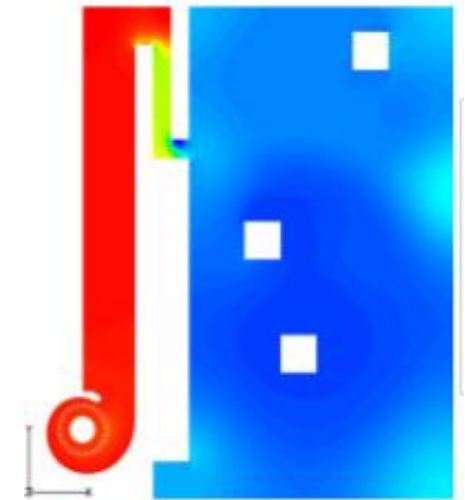
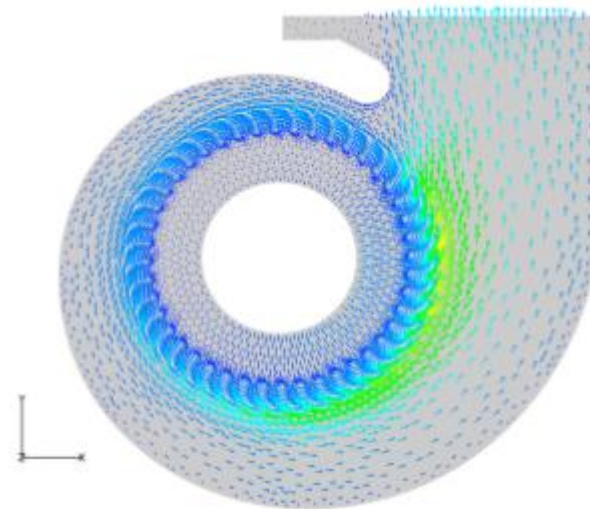
복합 열전달 해석 사례

Heat exchanger - porous



Fan - MRF

solid



복사열전달

▶ 복사열전달

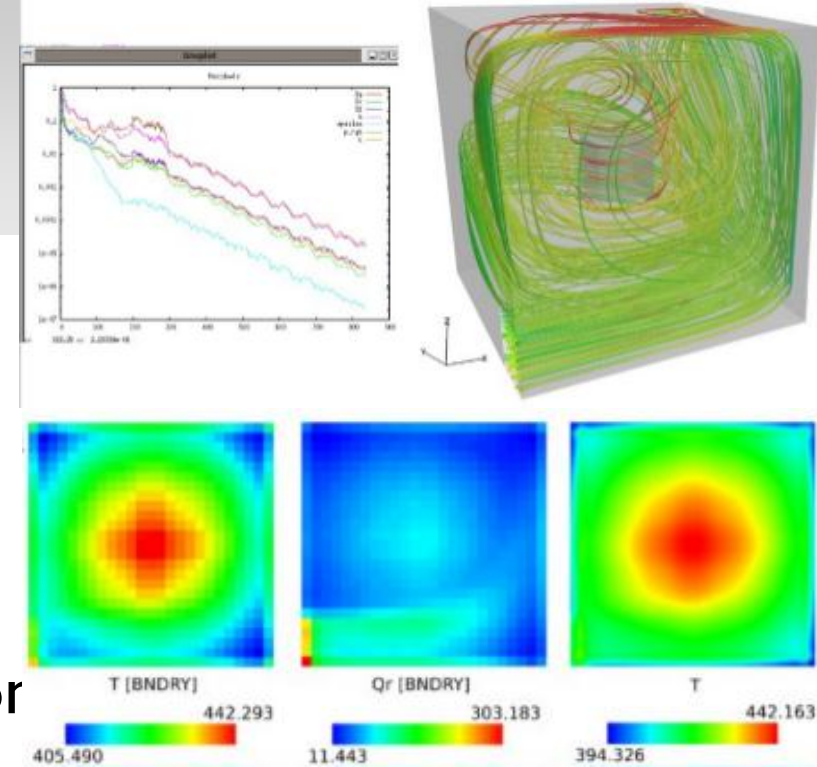
- 복사열전달 모델
 - fvDOM, viewFactor, PI
- Sub model
 - Scattering, soot, absorption/emission
- B.C.

▶ fvDOM model

- Scattering, semi-transparent media, specular surface, banded gray

▶ viewFactor model

- viewFactorGen utility
- faceAgglomerate utility



열전달 표준 솔버

- buoyantBoussinesqPimpleFoam
- buoyantBoussinesqSimpleFoam
- buoyantPimpleFoam
- buoyantSimpleFoam
- thermoFoam
- chtMultiRegionFoam
- chtMultiRegionSimpleFoam
- conjugateHeatFoam - Jeju
- conjugateHeatSimpleFoam – Jeju

다상 유동

▶ 오픈폼이 지원하는 다상유동 해석 기능

- VOF, Eulerian-Eulerian, mixture, DPM

▶ VOF

- Explicit / semi-implicit solver
- Compressible / incompressible
- unsteady / steady(Local Time Step) solver

▶ Eulerian

- Compressible / incompressible
- Phase interaction sub model : Drag, virtual mass, heat transfer, lift, turbulence dispersion, wall lubrication

▶ Mixture

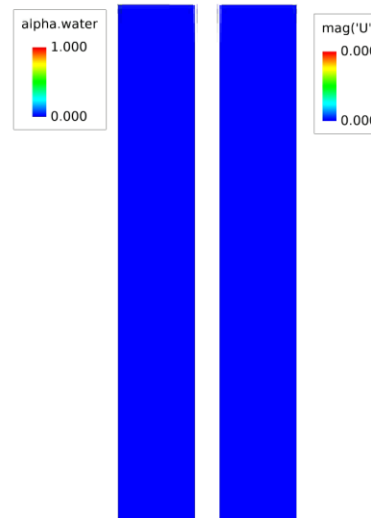
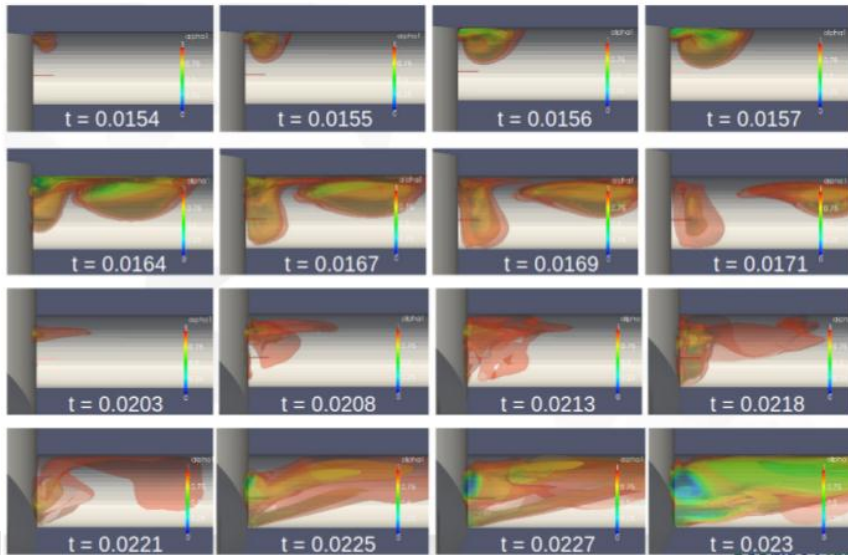
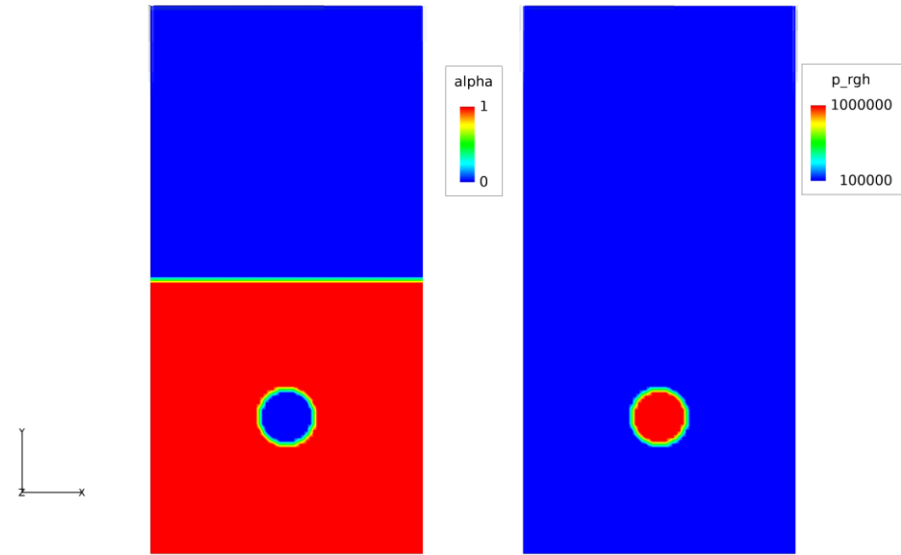
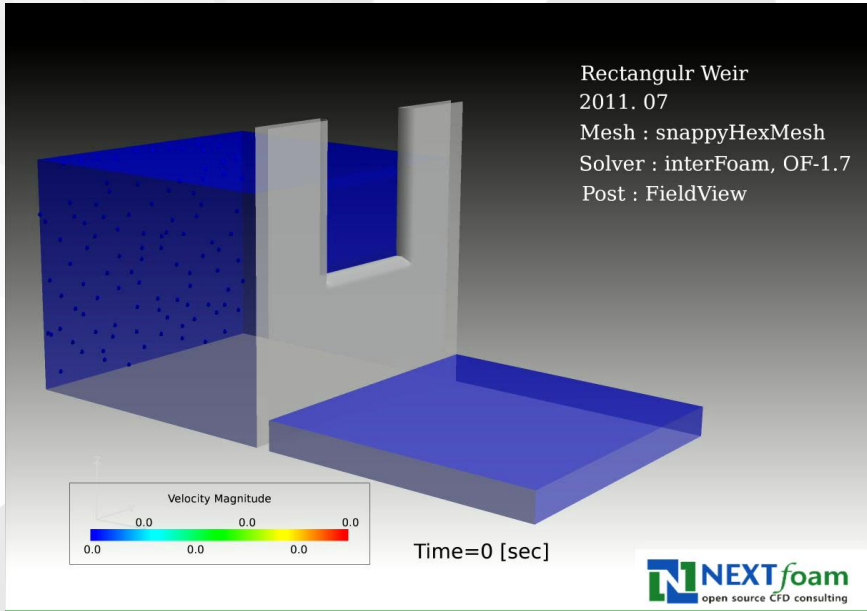
- Phase change - cavitation

다상유동

▶ 솔버

- interFoam
- interMixingFoam
- interDyMFoam
- LTSInterFoam
- cavitatingFoam
- cavitatingDyMFoam
- interPhaseChangeFoam
- interPhaseChangeDyMFoam
- multiPhaseInterFoam
- multiPhaseEulerFoam
- twoPhaseEulerFoam
- potentialFreeSurfaceFoam
- settlingFoam
- twoLiquidMixingFoam
- barotropicCavitatingFoam - Jeju
- bubbleFoam - Jeju

다상유동 해석 사례



다상 유동 - DPM

▶ 분사 방법

- Patch, cone, hollow cone, cell zone, lookup table, manual

▶ Atomization model

- Blob sheet atomization, LISA

▶ Breakup model

- TAB, ETAB, ReitzDiwakar, ReitzHRT, PilchErdman, SHF

▶ Distribution model

- RosinRammler, uniform, exponential

▶ Drag model

- WenYu, ErgunWenYu, PlessisMasliyah

▶ Wall interaction

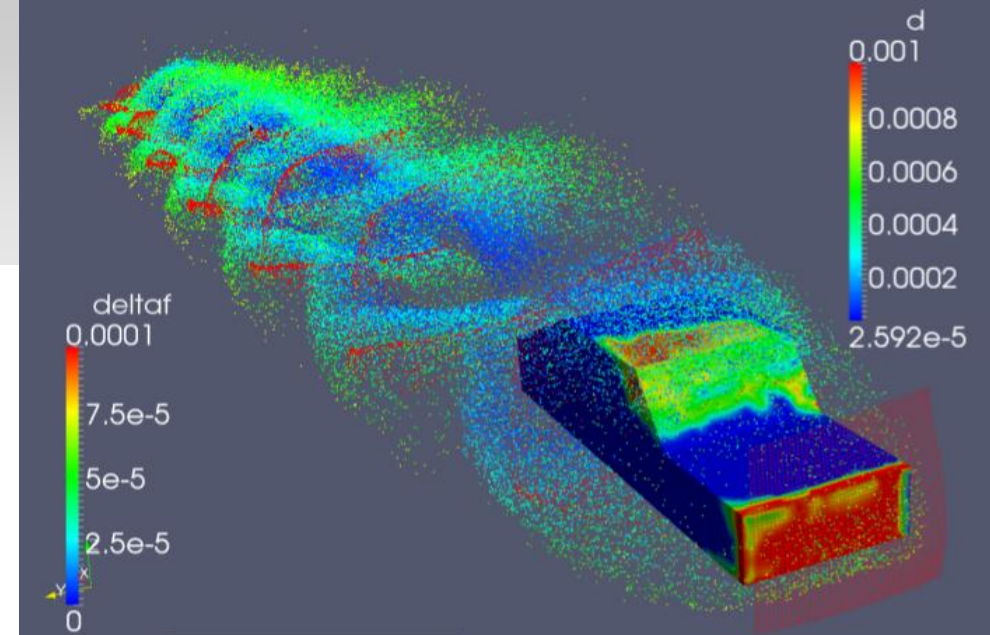
- rebound, stick, escape

다상 유동 - DPM

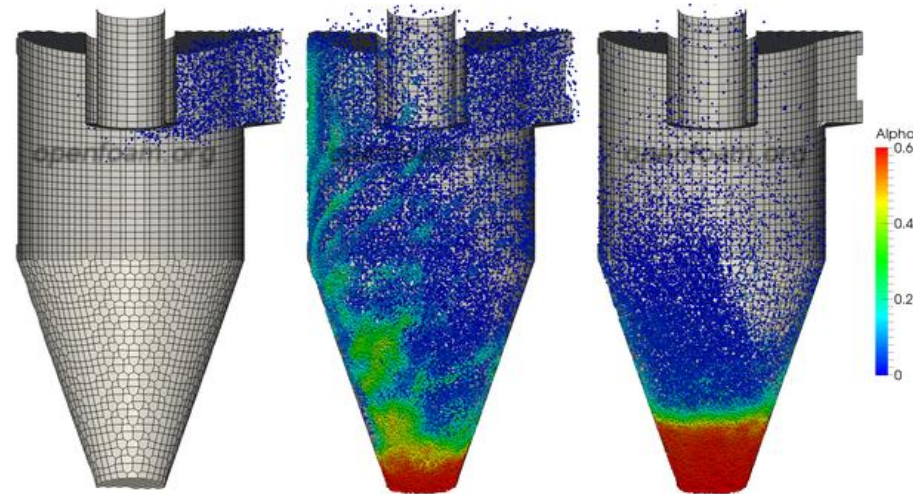
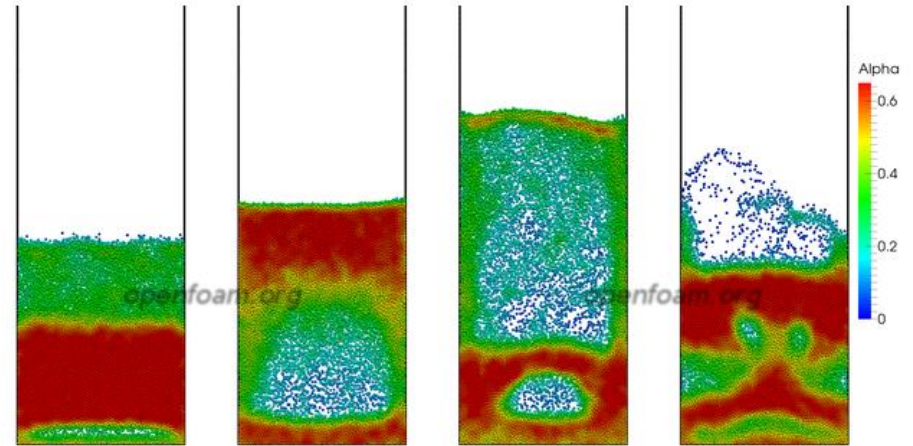
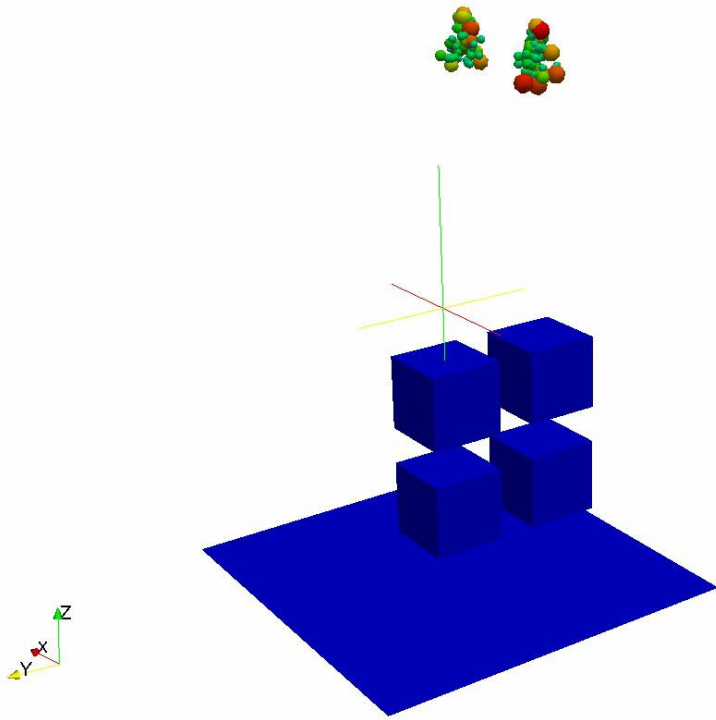
- ▶ RansMarshall heat transfer, devolatilisation model, phase change, stochastic collision model, surface film
- ▶ Dense particle flow model
 - Include the effect of particulate volume fraction on the continuous phase
 - Resolve particle-particle interaction
- ▶ MP-PIC(Multi-Phase Particle In Cell) method
 - For collisional exchange
 - Packing models
 - Inter-particle stress model
 - Collisional damping model
 - Collisional isotropy model

다상유동 – Surface Film

- ▶ Two approach
 - Multi-region approach
 - Create one volume mesh layer
 - FVM
 - FAM(Finite Area Method) approach - Jeju
 - Use surface mesh
- ▶ Thermodynamic models for density, Surface tension, thermal conductivity, specific heat capacity
- ▶ Viscosity model
- ▶ Film turbulence model
- ▶ Phase change : evaporation, solidification

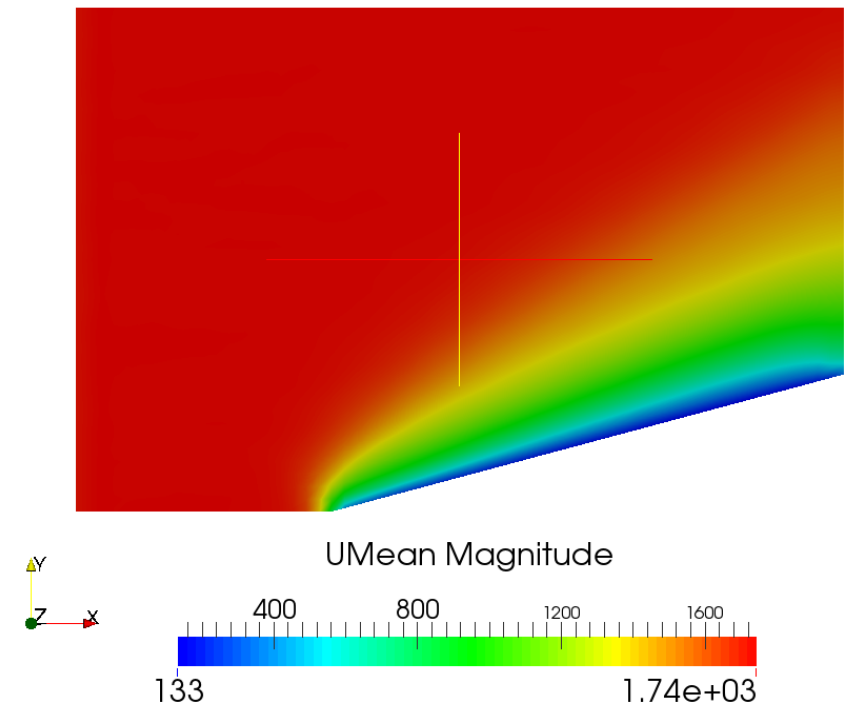
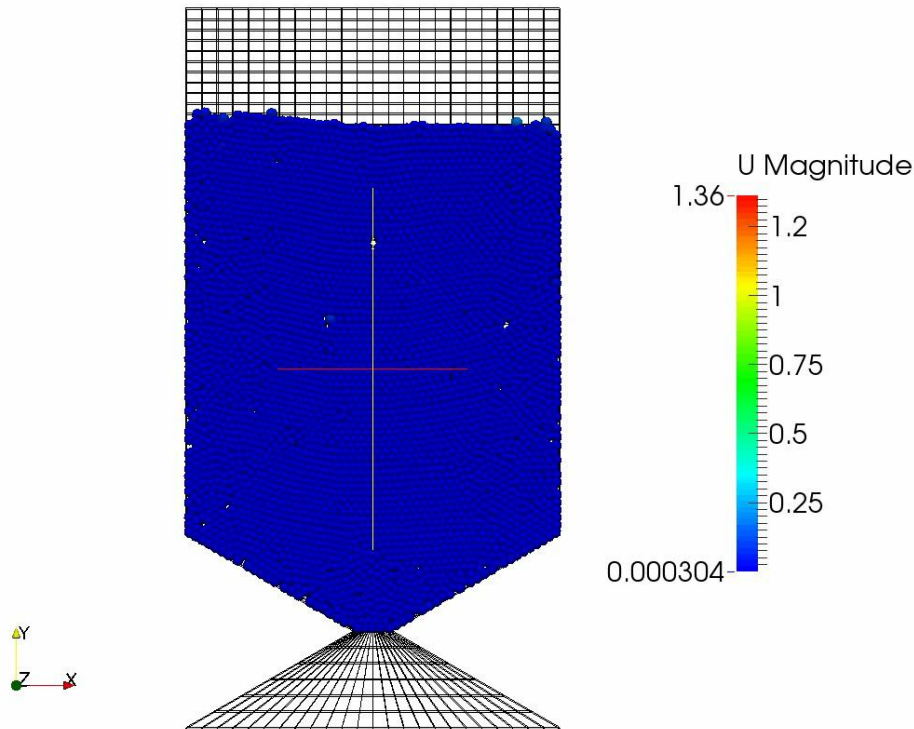


DPM, Surface Film 해석 사례



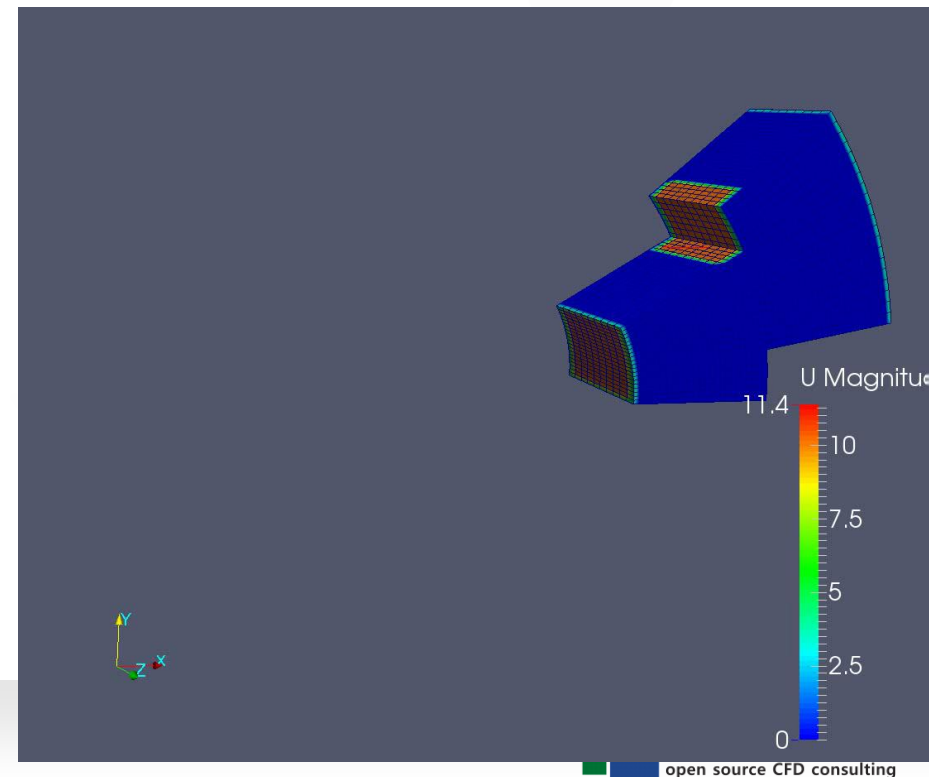
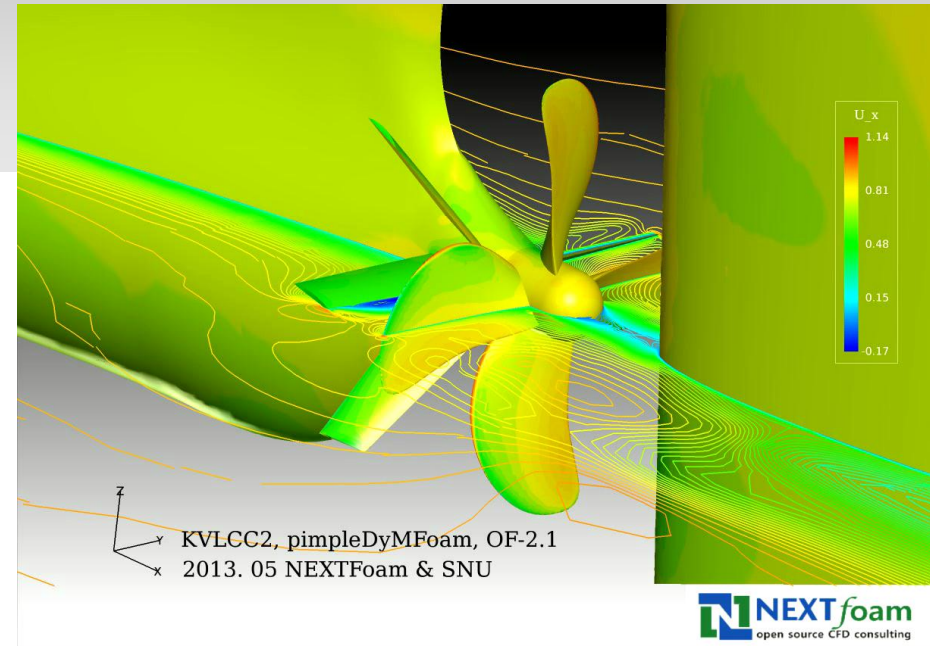
입자 유동

- ▶ MD(Molecular dynamics)
- ▶ DSMC(Direct Simulation Monte Carlo)
- ▶ DEM(Discrete Element Method)

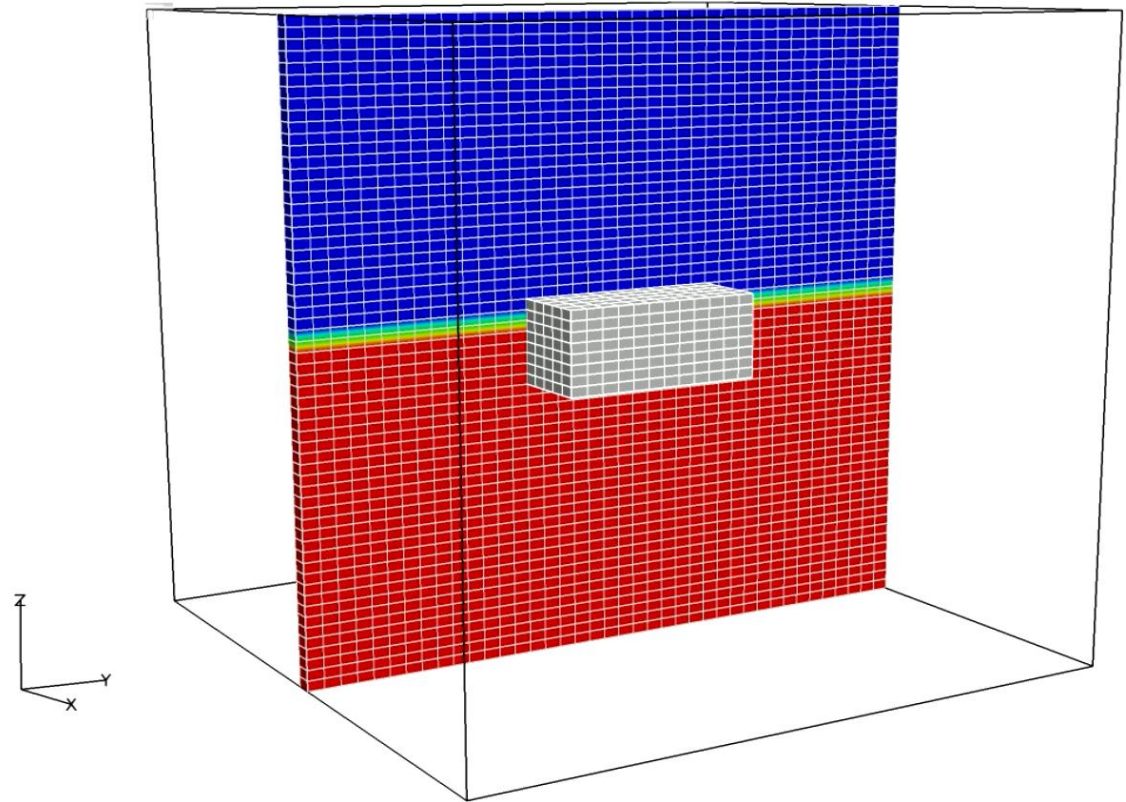
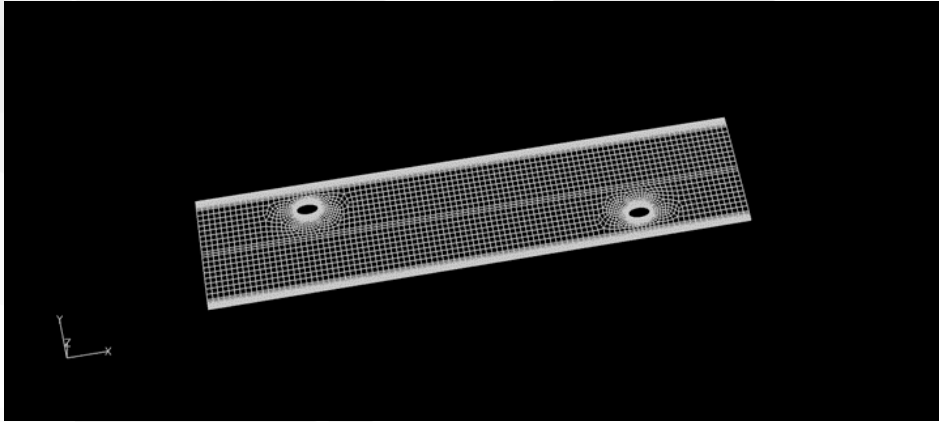


동적 격자계

- ▶ Given motion / 6-DOF Motion
- ▶ Dynamic refinement/unrefinement
- ▶ 격자 변형 기법
 - Sliding mesh
 - Smoothing
 - Layering
 - Deformation
 - Tet FEM mesh deformation
 - RBF mesh deformation
 - Tetrahedral remeshing



동적 격자계

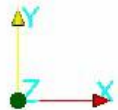
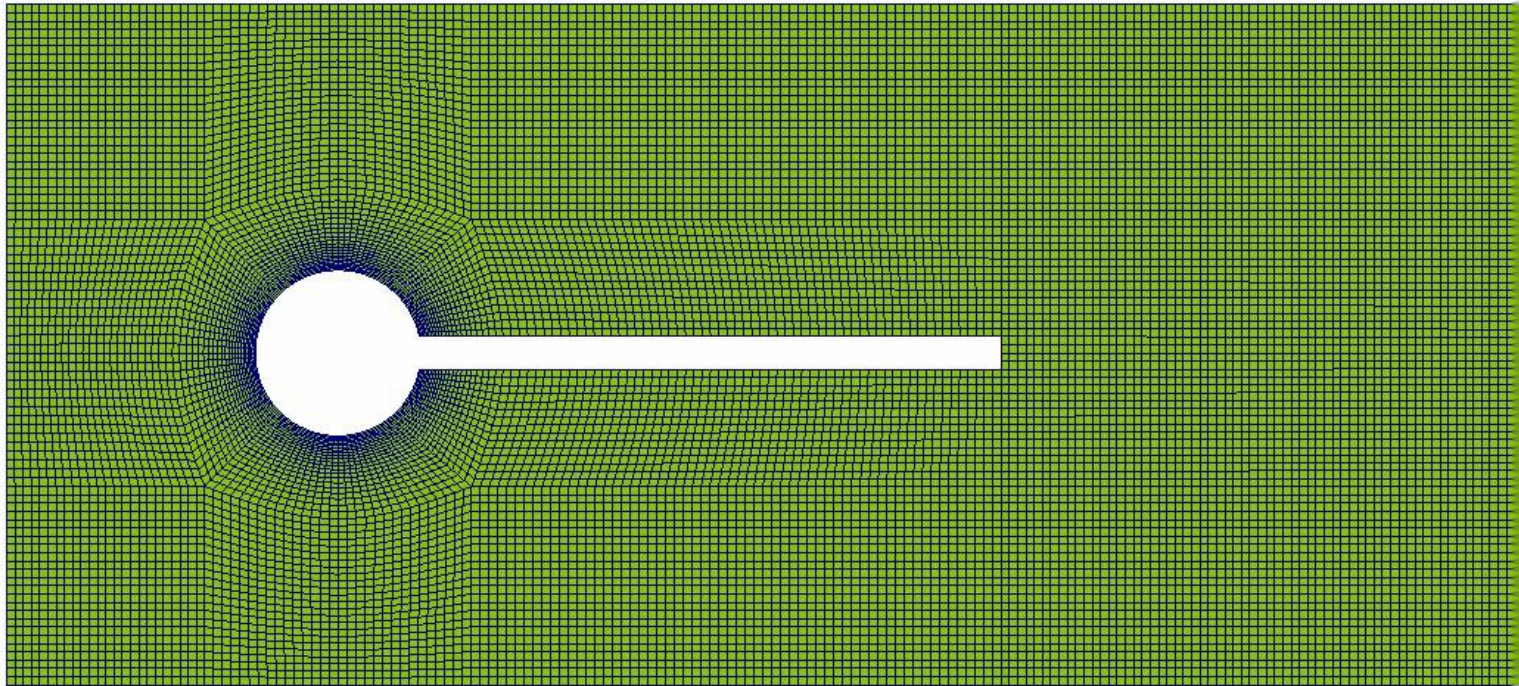


유체 구조 연성해석(FSI)

- ▶ FVM 구조해석 라이브러리
- ▶ Contact, crack, thermal model
- ▶ 구조해석 솔버
 - elasticAcpSolidFoam / elasticIncrAcpSolidFoam / elasticIncrSolidFoam / elasticNonLinIncrTlSolidFoam / elasticNonLinTlSolidFoam / elasticNonLinULSolidFoam / elasticOrthoAcpSolidFoam / elasticOrthoNonLinULSolidFoam / elasticOrthoSolidFoam / elasticPlasticSolidFoam / elasticPlasticNonLinTlSolidFoam / elasticPlasticNonLinULSolidFoam / elasticSolidFoam / elasticThermalSolidFoam / viscoElasticSolidFoam
- ▶ FSI solver : icoFsiElasticNonLinULSolidFoam

FSI – 해석 사례

- ▶ Solver : icoFsiElasticNonLinULSolidFoam
- ▶ Tight coupling using Aitken's under-relaxation method



foam-3.0-extend tutorial, $E=1e4$

화학반응

▶ 연소 모델

- Laminar, single step combustion, infinitely fast chemistry, partially stirred reactor, diffusion, flame surface density

▶ ODE solver

▶ Chemkin reader

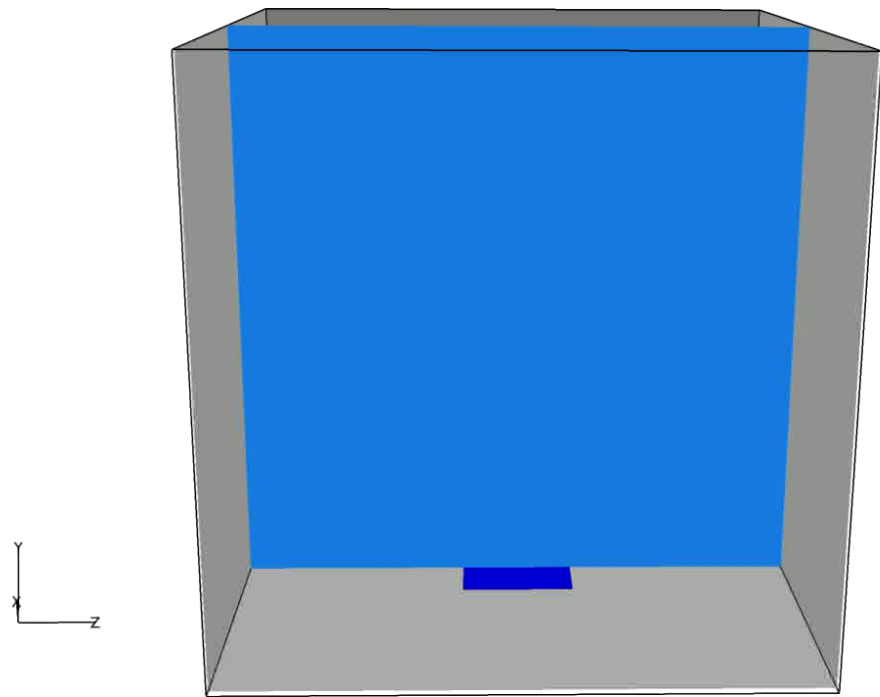
▶ Surface reaction model

▶ Soot formation model

▶ Pyrolysis model

▶ ICE

- Dynamic mesh
- Ignition model
- Post-processing utilities



전자기장

▶ Solvers

- electrostaticFoam
- magneticFoam
 - Magnetic scalar potential의 Poisson 방정식을 계산
 - Magnetic field intensity H , magnetic flux density B 를 계산
- mhdFoam
 - 자기장이 주어진 영역을 지나는 비압축성 층류 솔버

맺음말

- 오픈폼은 다양한 물리 현상을 구현할 수 있는 라이브러리, 유틸리티, 경계조건, 솔버를 제공한다.
- 표준 솔버는 모든 기능들을 포함하지 않으며 사용자는 필요한 기능을 모아 자신의 솔버를 제작할 수 있다.
- 모델 및 솔버의 검증 및 개발시 공동연구 및 자료 공유가 중요하다.